

SEPTEMBER 1976

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NEW BRUNSWICK ECONOMIC STATISTICS

Office of the Economic Advisor

NEW BRUNSWICK
ECONOMIC STATISTICS

September, 1976

Published by The Office of the Economic Advisor

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KEY TO SYMBOLS

..	figures not available
...	figures not appropriate or not applicable
—	nil or zero
--	amount too small to be expressed
p	preliminary figures
r	revised figures
x	confidential
*	OEA estimates

SUMMARY OUTLOOK-1976

(ALL VALUES PROJECTED BY OEA)

	1976 VALUE (\$M unless otherwise indicated)	% CHANGE 1975	% CHANGE 1976
Output and Income			
GPP (CURRENT \$)	3,875	15.9	12.8-13.3
(REAL-GNP DEFLATOR USED)	2,470	4.7	4.0- 4.5
GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT AT FACTOR COST (REAL)	2,191	4.3	3.8- 4.1
TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME	3,482	21.5	14.7-15.2
Demand			
PRIVATE AND PUBLIC INVESTMENT	1,415	16.6	1.3
EXPORTS	825	5.9	10.0
RETAIL TRADE	1,545	17.2	15.3-15.8
Prices			
CPI (SAINT JOHN) (1971=100)	149.4	11.6	7.8- 8.0
GDP DEFLATOR (N.B.) (1971=100)	159.2	13.1	8.2- 8.6
Unemployment Rate	11.3-11.7	-	-
Industrial			
MANUFACTURING SHIPMENTS	1,885	4.0	14.5
FARM CASH RECEIPTS	106	- 6.5	10.0
VALUE OF MINING OUTPUT	275	17.8	10.0
NON-COMMODITY COMPONENT OF GDP (CURRENT \$)	2,248	19.8	16.3



THE NEW BRUNSWICK ECONOMY
1976

This has been a year of gradual recovery in most of the Western world after the 1974-1975 recession which was the worst in post war years. Because the rate of recovery has not matched the performance of former post-recession periods, there remains a significant amount of unused capacity and high levels of unemployment. Canada's situation in 1976 is not unlike most other countries.

The New Brunswick economy has also exhibited most of the signs of its traditional movements in the economic cycle in that the slowdown in economic activity has lagged the national trend by about three quarters. For 1976, the growth in Gross Provincial Product will be between 13 and 14% compared to approximately 16% in 1975¹. In real terms, the growth rate of 4 to 4½% for this year will be only slightly less than the 1975 rate of 4.7%. For Canada as a whole, the expected real increase in GNP of about 5% represents a considerable improvement on the 0.6% real growth in 1975.

Although the recession has not affected New Brunswick as adversely as Canada as a whole, 1976 is not a year without major economic stress in the province. Areas of concern include a weakening investment picture over 1975 levels, rising unemployment rates, sluggish growth in export markets, and a slowdown in the rate of growth in the public administration sector. The factors that are keeping the economy moving at a pace only slightly lower than the national are a healthy consumer demand sector and a strong performance in most of the service industries. Among other industrial

¹ For explanation of difference between GPP and GDP (Summary Outlook), see Appendix page.

groups manufacturing and agriculture have registered the greatest overall gains, with construction being the weakest.

PERSONAL INCOME

Despite the relatively high unemployment rates, and the impact of the AIB in controlling average wage increases, total personal income in the Province is expected to show a gain of about 15%, compared to 21.5% in 1975. This will be achieved through an increase of 2% in the labour force; an increase in average wages and salaries of about 11% and a rise in other personal income¹ of about 18 to 20%. Because national personal income is expected to grow at a slightly faster rate than in New Brunswick, the narrowing of the per capita income gap that has been observed in recent years will not continue this year. As a result, the province's per capita income will remain at around 77.0% of the Canadian average, or about the same level as in 1975.

DEMAND

(i) Consumer Demand

The high levels of personal income this year, improved consumer outlook, and the spending of some of the large savings built up in the previous year will make the consumer demand sector the strongest component of the provincial economy for 1976. Retail trade estimates and activity in the service sector suggest that consumer demand will be

¹ This includes farm, investment, and business income, and transfer payments.

up by over 15% in 1976, and in real terms, this could mean a gain of as much as 7 or 8%. Much of the strength in the early part of the year was in non-durables, and for the last six months the durable sector will likely account for a high proportion of the gains. Consumer expenditures on services will be strong throughout the year. Although little output data is available for the industry, wage and salary increases in this, the largest sector in New Brunswick, are good indicators of the healthy growth trends.

(ii) Exports

Following a good first quarter export performance, second quarter shipments declined by 12.5%. The percentage decline for the full 6 month period amounts to 2.8%. But despite the setback in the second quarter, the outlook for the rest of the year is fairly optimistic for several reasons. First of all, a large part of the decline in the second quarter of the year was due to a \$17 million drop in base metal shipments as a result of the strike at Brunswick Mines. Secondly, the closing of the Bricklin plant has meant a reduction from the \$9.5 million level of sales recorded in the first 6 months of 1975. Thirdly, most of the other major reductions in the first two quarters are a result of a decline in large shipments of products such as sugar or petroleum, which are not normally exported on a continuing basis in large quantities. In the first half of 1975, sugar and petroleum products were shipped in large quantities in either of the first two quarters (about \$15 million in total) and in 1976 these have been non-existent. Fourthly, lumber and pulp and paper exports are performing well despite the sluggishness in some markets and there should be some improvement in the latter half of

the year (compared to 1975). Based on these observations and the assumption that base metal exports will increase significantly in the last six months, the forecast for export growth for the year as a whole is about 10%. A further basis for optimism is that manufacturing shipments are up by 14.4% to the end of July, and much of this should be translated into increased out-of-province sales.

(iii) Investment

Although capital spending with an increase of only 1.3% is one of the weakest components of growth this year, the impact of the weakness is diminished somewhat by the fact that much of the employment is retained by a shift in emphasis to projects which are more labour intensive (residential and other smaller projects). Also, these types of activities tend to have a higher ratio of domestic as opposed to imported materials.

In any event, the estimated \$1.41 billion expected in the private and public investment total is the highest on record and this gives New Brunswick a result which is, in per capita terms, 25% higher than the estimated level for Nova Scotia.

The main contributors to the weakness in the total are: manufacturing which will be down by almost 35% over 1975; and governments and institutions which will register a decline of 2.2% this year. Expected investments in utilities will be more than 26% higher than in 1975 and housing expenditures are forecast to grow by 8.7%. Other sectors will register slightly lower rates of increase.

(iv) Government Spending

Statistics on the rate of growth in expenditure by all levels of

government in New Brunswick are not available, but there is little doubt that the growth has been significantly reduced. The program of restraint now being practised by Federal, Provincial and Municipal administrators will lessen the role of the government sector in directly stimulating economic growth this year.

PRICES

The rate of growth in the C.P.I. for Saint John, as in the rest of Canada, has shown a considerable decline during 1976. In 1975 the rate of advance was 11.6% for Saint John. For this year it is expected to average below 8.0% for the year, or just slightly higher than the forecast Canadian rate. The main contributor to the reduction in the rate of inflation in New Brunswick is food, which will increase by only about 7.2% this year compared to 14.2% in 1975, and 14.4% in 1974.

Although data are not available on an output price index for New Brunswick, it is estimated that the Gross Domestic Product deflator will increase by about 8.6% this year compared to 8.0% for Canada as a whole. The reason for the larger increase in the price component of output this year (and the last two years) is that New Brunswick's economy is more heavily weighted by construction, whose price changes have been higher than in other industries.

LABOUR FORCE

The major economic problem in New Brunswick for the last few years

has not been in productivity or output changes, but in abnormal growth rates in the labour force. The data for 1976 suggest that this year has witnessed the peaking of the rate of growth in new job seekers and for the first time since the 1973-1974 period, the increase in the supply of workers is not expected to exceed the increased demand for labour. Nevertheless, there remains a large pool of unemployed which cannot be immediately reduced.

As a consequence of these factors, and despite more than acceptable growth in most sectors of the economy, the unemployment rate for 1976 will average about 11.5%. Employment is expected to grow by about five thousand, while the total increase in the labour force will be about ten thousand for the year.

INDUSTRIAL

The major developments in industrial output are, first of all, an increase in the relative proportion of non-commodity output over 1975, and secondly, a shift from construction and mining growth in the commodity sectors to manufacturing and agriculture. Both of these factors represent a shift back to pre-1972 trends when construction did not claim as large a share as it has in the last two years, and when the service sectors grew more rapidly than the commodity sectors.

The most impressive gains in the commodity groups are being registered by the manufacturing sector. To the end of July this year, total shipments were up by 14.4% and for the year as a whole the rate of

increase may exceed 15%. Output is up partially because of growth in the sawmilling industry and to a lesser extent, in the pulp and paper sector. However, there is some indication that the output increases in food and beverage and other sectors have also exceeded last year's advances.

While it is still too early to tell the exact magnitude of output in agriculture, preliminary data on farm cash receipts suggests that the total will surpass the \$100 million again, and may well exceed the record levels set in 1974. Forestry has been slow in recovering from the low output levels of last year. The supply problems and the sluggishness in some markets have had a dampening effect and to the end of July 1976, total pulpwood production was down 17.2% over the same period of last year. While data is not yet available on mining output, there is no doubt that the strike at Brunswick Mines will have a major effect on the value of total output for the year. In spite of this, price increases in metals ranging between 15 and 25% and high production levels in the last few months should push the value of output for the year to over \$270 million. Preliminary statistics to the end of July for the fisheries sector indicate an increase in value of landings of approximately 4%, although the volume is down considerably.

Between 1972 and 1975 it is estimated that construction output had grown by 200%, or more than twice as fast as any other industry in the same time period. At its peak in 1975 it represented about 12% of total gross output, up from only 7% three years earlier. However, the 1976 performance will represent a considerable decline over the record set last year. Despite the decline, this year's level of activity will be the second highest on record, and output as a proportion of the total will fall

to only slightly less than 10%. (Construction in Canada as a whole accounts for only 6.8% of total output.)

Although there is an absolute decline in the value of construction output in the Province, there is some indication that output for smaller projects has increased. Building permits issued to the end of July 1976 show an increase of 14.5%, and housing starts for the first six months are up 32.6%. Consequently, the impact of the decline in construction output is somewhat dissipated by the fact that there has been a shift to smaller, more labour intensive operations.

In the non-commodity sectors, output growth this year will exceed the average rate growth in commodity producing industries. This will be led by the personal, community and business services industries where output will increase by approximately \$140 million and employment will be up by several thousand. Life insurance sales gains of 28% to the end of April, and cheques cashed up by 16% to the end of July, indicate a healthy financial sector. The transportation industries are recovering from the slowdown occurring in the last year or two with total cargo shipped at Saint John showing the largest gain in recent years, with an increase of 4.2% to the end of July. The trade sector is showing some signs of sluggishness despite an increase of 15.7% in retail trade to end of July and a 13.4% gain in the value of motor vehicle sales at the end of July. Employment in the trade sector seems to have levelled off this year and much of the output can be attributed to increased utilization of excess capacity. The only industry in the non-commodity sector that shows major signs of weakness is public administration and because of the program of restraint, it is not likely to be a major element of growth over the next year or two.

PERSONAL INCOME - NEW BRUNSWICK
1975

The Statistics Canada estimates of 1975 personal income by province have just been released. Tables provided here show the New Brunswick income estimates by component from 1971, as well a comparison of per capita levels.

Personal income received last year by residents of New Brunswick totalled \$3,036 million, 21.5% above the revised 1974 level. This gain exceeded the national increase of 15.9% and was higher than seven of the other provinces. It was also above the 19.7% gain in 1974.

With an increase of 11.6% in consumer prices last year, as measured by the Consumer Price Index for Saint John, real income grew by 8.9%, slightly higher than the 8.5% rate in 1974. The increase in real income per capita was 6.8%, just below the 7.0% gain in 1974.

The greatest gains were registered by farm income (up 32%) and government transfers (up 29%). Labour income which accounted for 64% of total income grew at a rate (20.9%) just below the total.

Personal disposable income increased as a proportion of total income from 82.3% in 1974 to 83.9 as personal direct taxes grew less rapidly than total income.

On a per capita basis the Province continued to reduce its relative income disparity with the rest of the country. Personal income per person averaged \$4,498 in 1975, 77.0% of the national average and 69.9% of the Ontario average. Thus, the Province's relative income gap reached its lowest level ever in the 50 year period for which official statistics are available.

PERSONAL INCOME BY COMPONENT, NEW BRUNSWICK

1971 - 1975
(\$ million)

	<u>1971</u>	<u>1972</u>	<u>1973</u>	<u>1974</u>	<u>1975</u>
Wages, Salaries & Supplementary Labour Income	1,038	1,151	1,338	1,616	1,954
Net Income Received by Farm Operators from Farm Production	11	20	32	22	29
Net Income of Non-Farm Unincorporated Business Including Rent	123	130	136	146	168
Interest, Dividends and Miscellaneous Investment Income of Persons	92	116	136	157	177
Government Transfer Payments to Persons	253	330	372	481	621
TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME	1,578	1,814	2,088	2,499	3,036
Personal Disposable Income ¹	1,324	1,526	1,762	2,057	2,548

¹ Personal Disposable Income consists of total Personal Income less personal direct taxes and other current transfers to government from persons.

Source: Statistics Canada

PERSONAL INCOME PER CAPITA

1971 - 1975
(\\$)

	<u>1971</u>	<u>1972</u>	<u>1973</u>	<u>1974</u>	<u>1975</u>
New Brunswick	2,485	2,826	3,202	3,775	4,498
Nova Scotia	2,659	3,067	3,508	4,068	4,625
Ontario	4,017	4,447	5,003	5,713	6,431
Canada	3,435	3,839	4,405	5,116	5,838
New Brunswick as % of Ontario	61.9	63.5	64.0	66.1	69.9
New Brunswick as % of Canada	72.3	73.6	72.7	73.8	77.0

Source: Statistics Canada.

1976 Census of Population

Preliminary population counts from the June 1, 1976 Census of Canada were recently released by Statistics Canada. These data for New Brunswick are presented in the following set of tables.

Readers should note that these statistics are preliminary. They do not include persons absent from their usual place of residence on Census Day or those stationed abroad in the diplomatic corps or armed services. Final figures are expected in the spring of 1977.

The 1976 preliminary total for New Brunswick of 664,525 represents an increase of 4.72% since 1971. The national growth of 4.77% was exceeded by four provinces (Alberta, British Columbia, Ontario and Newfoundland).

The attached tables present the New Brunswick population data by county, including cities, towns, villages and parishes. A table for selected urban areas is also included. For comparative purposes the 1971 Census statistics are shown. Where boundary changes have occurred since 1971 these are noted.

New Brunswick Population by County

	<u>1971</u>	<u>1971</u> ¹	<u>1976</u>
Albert	16,307	16,307	21,946
Carleton	24,428	24,428	24,220
Charlotte	24,551	24,551	25,042
Gloucester	74,752	74,752	79,827
Kent	24,901	24,846	28,727*
Kings	33,285	33,285	43,137
Madawaska	34,976	34,413	34,511*
Northumberland	51,561	51,616	53,134*
Queens	12,486	12,486	12,564
Restigouche	41,289	41,289	40,072
St. John	92,162	92,162	87,039
Sunbury	21,268	20,503	20,668*
Victoria	19,796	20,359	20,588*
Westmorland	98,669	98,669	102,617
York	64,126	64,891	70,433*
 New Brunswick	 634,557	 634,557	 664,525

* Boundary changes from preceding Census.

¹ 1971 population based on boundaries as of June 1, 1976.

Population by Urban Area

<u>Urban Area</u>	<u>1971</u>	<u>1976</u>
Saint John CMA	106,744	109,700
Moncton CA	71,416	80,093
Fredericton CA	37,684	44,972
Campbellton CA	12,443	10,991
Newcastle CA	19,762	19,690
St. Stephen CA	5,302	5,211

CMA - Census metropolitan area.

CA - Census agglomeration.

N. B. Population by County & Census Sub-divisions

Albert County

Parishes:	<u>1971</u>	<u>1971</u> ¹	<u>1976</u>
Alma	-	29	27*
Coverdale	2,397	2,209	2,535
Elgin	777	777	796
Harvey	504	504	537
Hillsborough	1,283	1,283	1,330
Hopewell	735	735	731
Villages:			
Alma	425	396	327*
Bridgedale	416	-	-*
Gunningsville	1,669	-	-*
Hillsborough	781	1,067	1,147*
Riverside-Albert	509	509	447
Riverview Heights	6,525	-	-*
Surrey	286	-	-*
Towns:			
Riverview	-	8,798	14,069*
TOTAL	16,307	16,307	21,946

* Boundary changes from preceding Census.

¹1971 population based on boundaries as of June 1, 1976.

N. B. Population by County & Census Sub-divisions

Carleton County

Parishes:	<u>1971</u>	<u>1971</u> ¹	<u>1976</u>
Aberdeen	1,354	1,354	1,253
Brighton	1,466	1,466	1,518
Kent	2,597	2,597	2,327
Northampton	996	996	1,067
Peel	1,225	1,214	1,121*
Richmond	983	983	940
Simonds	626	486	560*
Wakefield	2,025	2,025	2,159
Wicklow	1,650	1,632	1,633*
Wilmot	1,242	1,242	1,153
Woodstock	1,407	1,407	1,528
Villages:			
Bath	920	920	864
Bristol	771	771	851
Centreville	566	566	603
Florenceville	584	753	754*
Towns:			
Hartland	1,009	1,009	936
Woodstock	4,846	4,846	4,803
Indian Reserves:	161	161	150
TOTAL	24,428	24,428	24,220

* Boundary changes from preceding Census.

¹

1971 population based on boundaries as of June 1, 1976.

N. B. Population by County & Census Sub-divisions

Charlotte County

Parishes:	<u>1971</u>	<u>1971</u> ¹	<u>1976</u>
Campobello	1,274	1,274	1,320
Clarendon	31	31	18
Dufferin	347	347	392
Dumbarton	548	548	449
Grand Manan	729	729	651
Lepreaux	713	713	899
Pennfield	3,353	1,502	1,751*
St. Andrews	310	310	295
St. Croix	388	388	442
St. David	1,140	1,140	1,343
St. George	1,852	1,852	2,118
St. James	1,139	1,139	1,162
St. Patrick	460	460	522
St. Stephen	1,384	1,384	1,538
West Isles	974	974	855
Villages:			
Blacks Harbour	-	1,851	1,607*
Grand Harbour	556	556	521
North Head	649	649	626
Seal Cove	613	613	504
Towns:			
Milltown	1,893	-	-
St. Andrews	1,812	1,812	1,684
St. George	977	977	1,134
St. Stephen	3,409	5,302	5,211*
TOTAL	24,551	24,551	25,042

* Boundary changes from preceding Census.

¹ 1971 population based on boundaries as of June 1, 1976.

N. B. Population by County & Census Sub-divisions

<u>Kent County</u>			
Parishes:	<u>1971</u>	<u>1971</u> ¹	<u>1976</u>
Acadieville	932	877	961*
Carleton	1,601	1,601	1,215
Dundas	3,789	3,779	4,893*
Harcourt	644	644	607
Richibucto	1,411	1,411	1,614
St. Charles	1,227	1,227	1,532
St. Louis	1,269	1,269	1,629
St. Mary	1,527	1,468	1,851*
St. Paul	834	834	967
Weldford	1,500	1,500	1,473
Wellington	2,813	2,563	3,168*
Villages:			
Buctouche	1,964	2,214	2,546*
Richibucto	1,850	1,850	1,897
Rexton	755	755	865
Saint-Antoine	756	825	1,049*
St-Louis-de-Kent	992	992	1,272
Indian Reserves:	1,037	1,037	1,188
TOTAL	24,901	24,846	28,727*

* Boundary changes from preceding Census.

¹ 1971 population based on boundaries as of June 1, 1976.

N. B. Population by County & Census Sub-divisions

Kings County

Parishes:	<u>1971</u>	<u>1971</u> ¹	<u>1976</u>
Cardwell	787	787	849
Greenwich	875	875	978
Hammond	291	291	262
Hampton	923	923	1,181
Havelock	1,280	1,280	1,278
Kars	294	294	302
Kingston	1,364	1,364	1,693
Norton	728	728	912
Rothersey	411	411	863
Springfield	1,258	1,258	1,312
Studholm	2,313	2,313	2,526
Sussex	1,540	1,540	1,824
Upham	705	705	884
Waterford	338	338	379
Westfield	3,145	1,078	1,494*
Villages:			
East Riverside-Kingshurst	852	852	1,038
Fairvale	2,050	2,050	3,201
Gondola Point	850	850	1,831
Grand Bay	-	2,188	2,930*
Hampton	1,748	1,748	2,612
Norton	1,149	1,149	1,277
Pamdenec	422	-	-
Quispamsis	2,215	2,215	4,916
Renforth	1,606	1,606	1,567
Sussex Corner	700	700	834
Westfield	461	762	1,037*
Towns:			
Rothersey	1,038	1,038	1,270
Sussex	3,942	3,942	3,887
TOTAL	33,285	33,285	43,137

* Boundary changes from preceding Census.

¹ 1971 population based on boundaries as of June 1, 1976.

N. B. Population by County & Census Sub-divisions

Gloucester County

Parishes:	<u>1971</u>	<u>1971</u> ¹	<u>1976</u>
Allardville	2,827	2,827	2,988
Bathurst	3,077	3,077	4,002
Beresford	5,518	5,518	5,806
Caraquet	1,585	1,585	1,621
Inkerman	4,050	4,050	4,109
New Bandon	3,331	3,266	3,384*
Paquetville	2,490	2,490	2,623
St. Isidore	2,276	2,276	2,344
Saumarez	7,055	7,055	7,860
Shippegan	7,540	7,514	8,087*
Villages:			
Bas-Caraquet	1,685	1,685	1,691
Belledune	784	784	738
Beresford	2,325	2,325	3,051
Bertrand	1,094	1,094	1,198
Grande Anse	545	610	743*
Lameque	933	933	953
Nigadoo	597	597	796
Paquetville	479	479	690
Petit Rocher	1,624	1,624	1,774
Pointe Verte	524	524	607
Towns:			
Caraquet	3,441	3,441	3,814
Shippegan	2,043	2,069	2,317*
Tracadie	2,222	2,222	2,525
Cities:			
Bathurst	16,674	16,674	16,062
Indian Reserves:	33	33	44
TOTAL	74,752	74,752	79,827

* Boundary changes from preceding Census.

¹ 1971 population based on boundaries as of June 1, 1976.

N. B. Population by County & Census Sub-divisions

Madawaska County

Parishes:	1971	1971 ¹	1976
Baker Brook	464	464	471
Baker Lake	388	388	385
Clair	314	314	301
Madawaska	1,741	753	791*
Notre Dame de Lourdes	519	519	438
Riviere Verte	-	757	774*
St. Andre	2,033	1,470	1,514*
St. Ann's	1,470	1,470	1,328
St. Basil	86	279	462*
St. Francis	712	712	750
St. Hilaire	316	316	341
St. Jacques	1,325	1,218	1,290*
St. Joseph	972	972	1,118
St. Leonard	1,022	1,022	932
Villages:			
Baker Brook	561	561	499
Clair	704	704	785
Lac Baker	360	360	320
Riviere Verte	1,657	900	992*
Ste-Anne-de-Madawaska	1,253	1,253	1,326
St-Basile	3,085	2,892	3,049*
St-Francois-de-Madawaska	511	511	643
St-Jacques	1,072	1,072	1,372
St. Andre	315	315	309
St. Hilaire	199	199	167
Towns:			
St. Leonard	1,478	1,478	1,559
Cities:			
Edmundston	12,365	13,460	12,530*
Indian Reserves:	54	54	65
TOTAL	34,976	34,413	34,511*

* Boundary changes from preceding Census.

¹ 1971 population based on boundaries as of June 1, 1976.

N. B. Population by County & Census Sub-divisions

Northumberland County

Parishes:	<u>1971</u>	<u>1971</u> ¹	<u>1976</u>
Alnwick	5,681	5,681	6,232
Blackville	2,502	2,474	2,410*
Blissfield	853	853	777
Chatham	3,012	3,012	3,573
Derby	1,248	1,248	1,263
Glenelg	1,954	1,954	1,970
Hardwicke	2,658	2,658	2,661
Ludlow	1,906	1,906	1,755
Nelson	1,010	1,010	1,051
Newcastle	2,219	2,219	2,542
Northesk	2,708	2,708	2,885
Rogersville	1,372	1,301	1,296*
Southesk	1,680	1,680	1,756
Villages:			
Blackville	915	943	917*
Doaktown	938	938	1,005
Douglastown	637	637	1,028
Loggieville	877	877	777
Neguac	1,498	1,498	1,670
Nelson Miramichi	1,580	1,580	1,527
Rogersville	1,077	1,203	1,123*
Towns:			
Chatham	7,833	7,833	7,517
Newcastle	6,460	6,460	6,296
Indian Reserves:	943	943	1,103
TOTAL	51,561	51,616	53,134*

* Boundary changes from preceding Census.

¹ 1971 population based on boundaries as of June 1, 1976.

N. B. Population by County & Census Sub-divisions

Queens County

Parishes:	<u>1971</u>	<u>1971</u> ¹	<u>1976</u>
Brunswick	250	250	282
Cambridge	660	660	758
Canning	706	706	752
Chipman	909	909	907
Gagetown	298	298	288
Hampstead	355	355	349
Johnston	686	686	687
Petersville	606	606	742
Waterborough	758	758	744
Wickham	376	376	391
Villages:			
Cambridge-Narrows	416	416	401
Chipman	1,977	1,977	1,962
Gagetown	609	609	647
Minto	3,880	3,880	3,654
TOTAL	12,486	12,486	12,564

¹ 1971 population based on boundaries as of June 1, 1976.

N. B. Population by County & Census Sub-divisions

Restigouche County

Parishes:	<u>1971</u>	<u>1971</u> ¹	<u>1976</u>
Addington	2,562	2,562	2,742
Balmoral	2,369	780	763*
Colborne	-	384	416
Dalhousie	3,441	3,441	3,852
Durham	2,701	2,840	2,774*
Eldon	1,385	1,385	1,320
Grimmer	906	906	950
St. Quentin	1,569	1,423	1,407*
Villages:			
Atholville	2,108	2,108	1,834
Balmoral	-	1,589	1,663*
Charlo	1,621	1,237	1,268*
Eel River Crossing	1,075	1,075	1,059
Jacquet River	866	727	718*
Kedgwick	1,065	1,065	1,257
St-Quentin	2,093	2,239	2,225*
Tide Head	797	797	884
Towns:			
Dalhousie	6,255	6,255	5,593
Cities:			
Campbellton	10,335	10,335	9,157
Indian Reserves:	141	141	190
TOTAL	41,289	41,289	40,072

* Boundary changes from preceding Census.

¹ 1971 population based on boundaries as of June 1, 1976.

N. B. Population by County & Census Sub-divisions

	<u>St. John County</u>		
Parishes:	<u>1971</u>	<u>1971</u> ¹	<u>1976</u>
Musquash	732	732	1,002
St. Martins	655	655	751
Simonds	1,252	1,252	1,782
Villages:			
St. Martins	484	484	528
Cities:			
Saint John	89,039	89,039	82,976
TOTAL	92,162	92,162	87,039

¹1971 population based on boundaries as of June 1, 1976.

N. B. Population by County & Census Sub-divisions

Sunbury County

Parishes:	<u>1971</u>	<u>1971</u> ¹	<u>1976</u>
Blissville	822	822	828
Burton	2,554	2,554	3,038
Gladstone	304	304	319
Lincoln	2,545	1,780	2,707*
Maugerville	889	889	1,018
Northfield	724	724	773
Sheffield	721	721	715
Villages:			
Fredericton Junction	615	615	619
Tracy	610	610	650
Towns:			
Oromocto	11,427	11,427	9,915
Indian Reserves:	57	57	86
TOTAL	21,268	20,503	20,668*

* Boundary changes from preceding Census.

¹ 1971 population based on boundaries as of June 1, 1976.

N. B. Population by County & Census Sub-divisions

Victoria County

Parishes:	<u>1971</u>	<u>1971</u> ¹	<u>1976</u>
Andover	916	927	1,005*
Denmark	1,730	1,730	1,720
Drummond	2,217	2,165	1,865*
Gordon	1,871	1,871	1,834
Grand Falls	1,643	1,358	1,207*
Lorne	685	685	703
Perth	1,147	1,195	1,183*
Villages:			
Aroostook	550	550	456
Drummond	637	637	666
Perth-Andover	2,108	2,049	1,935*
Plaster Rock	1,331	1,331	1,350
Towns:			
Grand Falls	4,516	5,416	6,164*
Indian Reserves:	445	445	500*
TOTAL	19,796	20,359	20,588*

* Boundary changes from preceding Census.

¹ 1971 population based on boundaries as of June 1, 1976.

N. B. Population by County & Census Sub-divisions

Westmorland County

Parishes:	<u>1971</u>	<u>1971¹</u>	<u>1976</u>
Botsford	2,960	2,960	2,997
Dorchester	4,846	4,376	4,437*
Moncton	6,928	3,258	5,182*
Sackville	3,418	1,003	1,174*
Salisbury	2,266	2,522	2,857*
Shediac	6,707	5,841	6,802*
Westmorland	1,069	1,069	1,088
Villages:			
Cap-Pele	2,081	2,081	2,355
Chartersville	320	-	-
Dorchester	1,199	1,199	1,120
East Shediac	585	-	-
Lewisville	3,710	-	-
Petitcodiac	1,569	1,313	1,418*
Port Elgin	553	553	417
St. Anselme	1,150	-	-
St-Joseph	687	687	719
Salisbury	1,070	1,082	1,399*
Towns:			
Dieppe	4,277	6,612	7,424*
Sackville	3,180	5,595	5,695*
Shediac	2,203	3,654	4,115*
Cities:			
Moncton	47,891	54,864	53,418*
TOTAL	98,669	98,669	102,617

* Boundary changes from preceding Census.

¹ 1971 population based on boundaries as of June 1, 1976.

N. B. Population by County & Census Sub-divisions

<u>York County</u>			
Parishes:	<u>1971</u>	<u>1971</u> ¹	<u>1976</u>
Bright	2,031	2,031	2,345
Canterbury	701	685	692*
Douglas	3,778	3,030	3,434*
Dumfries	462	462	461
Kingsclear	2,833	1,062	1,495*
Manners Sutton	1,314	1,314	1,457
McAdam	-	121	101*
New Maryland	1,012	1,012	2,771
North Lake	368	368	322
Prince William	651	651	694
Queensbury	863	863	1,011
St. Mary's	2,393	2,021	2,141*
Southampton	1,405	1,405	1,624
Stanley	2,138	2,138	2,141
Villages:			
Barker's Point	1,882	-	-
Canterbury	528	528	489
Harvey	383	383	366
McAdam	2,224	2,103	1,960*
Meductic	172	188	165*
Millville	352	352	306*
Nackawic	1,324	1,324	1,322
Nashwaaksis	7,353	-	-
Stanley	388	388	431
Silverwood	935	-	-
Towns:			
Marysville	3,872	-	-
Cities:			
Fredericton	24,254	41,952	44,572*
Indian Reserves:	510	510	633
TOTAL	64,126	64,891	70,433*

* Boundary changes from preceding Census.

¹ 1971 population based on boundaries as of June 1, 1976.

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(I) POPULATION AND VITAL STATISTICS

Table 1 - POPULATION

Month	1973	1974	1975	1976
January	648,000	658,000	670,000	684,000
April	651,000	660,000	673,000	687,000
June	652,000	662,000	675,000	688,000
July	652,000	663,000	676,000	
October	655,000	668,000	681,000	
(June/June)	(+ 1.4)	(+ 1.5)	(+ 2.0)	(+ 1.9)

Source: Statistics Canada 11-003.

Table 2 - MARRIAGES
(number)

Month	1973	1974	1975	1976
January	166	144		
February	235	212	(885)	(748)
March	292	292		
April	341	333		
May	508	545	(1,294)	(1,161)
June	802	792		
July	883	838		
August	904	1,032	(2,505)	
September	773	572		
October	575	539		
November	448	461	(1,096)	
December	430	348		
Total	6,357	6,108	5,780	
% Change (Jan.-June)	- 1.5	- 3.9	- 5.4	(- 12.4)

Sources: Statistics Canada 11-003 & 84-202.

Table 3 - BIRTHS
(number)

Month	1973	1974	1975	1976
January	988	944		
February	847	825	(3,041)	(2,940)
March	996	980		
April	966	927		
May	1,010	964	(2,658)	(2,751)
June	967	927		
July	977	1,020		
August	946	950	(3,078)	
September	927	991		
October	957	986		
November	895	937	(3,171)	
December	949	993		
Total	11,425	11,444	11,948	
% Change (Jan.-June)	- 3.2	+ 0.2	+ 4.4	(- 0.1)

Sources: Statistics Canada 11-003 & 84-202.

Table 4 - DEATHS
(number)

Month	1973	1974	1975	1976
January	465	463		
February	442	362	(1,520)	(1,650)
March	455	444		
April	357	435		
May	412	473	(1,183)	(1,224)
June	442	457		
July	409	446		
August	403	397	(1,315)	
September	418	385		
October	450	479		
November	438	431	(1,146)	
December	393	433		
Total	5,084	5,205	5,164	
% Change (Jan.-June)	+ 2.0	+ 2.4	- 0.8	(+ 6.3)

Sources: Statistics Canada 11-003 & 84-202.

(II) LABOURTable 5 - TOTAL WAGES AND SALARIES
(million dollars)

Month	1973	1974	1975	1976
January	92.1	108.8	134.0	151.7
February	92.3	108.4	132.1	152.5
March	94.0	112.3	136.7	156.0
April	96.7	112.9	138.6	158.6
May	101.5	121.0	155.3	165.0
June	109.3	130.8	156.7	172.2
July	112.0	136.5	161.7	
August	111.5	135.7	163.7	
September	111.9	135.8	164.6	
October	111.9	136.2	162.6	
November	112.8	134.1	159.1	
December	110.5	134.0	153.8	
Total	1,256.3	1,506.6	1,818.8	
% Change (Jan.-June)	+ 16.2	+ 19.9	+ 20.7	(+ 12.0)

Source: Statistics Canada 72-005.

Table 6 - AVERAGE WEEKLY WAGES AND SALARIES¹
(dollars)

Month	1973	1974	1975	1976
January	133.25	145.50	174.41	194.95
February	133.52	145.70	174.97	197.58
March	132.29	148.46	180.45	199.72
April	130.03	148.37	181.24	200.27
May	129.22	149.51	179.41	191.56
June	132.08	152.65	179.75	201.09
July	131.81	158.21	182.15	
August	134.08	158.39	182.39	
September	134.51	157.22	184.42	
October	136.64	164.66	190.37	
November	140.20	164.21	190.58	
December	139.96	162.06	188.69	
Average	133.97	154.58	182.40	
% Change (Jan.-June)	+ 7.1	+ 15.4	+ 18.0	(+ 10.7)

¹ Covers only firms with 20 or more employees.

Source: Statistics Canada 72-002.

Table 7 - EMPLOYMENT INDEX¹
(1961 = 100)

Month	1973	1974	1975	1976
January	115.1	123.9	127.1	126.7
February	114.1	124.1	125.1	124.9
March	116.4	124.3	125.3	125.1
April	118.3	123.6	127.5	127.7
May	128.5	132.6	137.8	137.4
June	135.3	142.9	145.4	143.1
July	135.9	145.2	147.5	
August	129.4	144.9	149.0	
September	134.4	141.8	148.3	
October	135.3	139.7	138.1	
November	132.7	137.7	133.7	
December	125.7	131.5	128.4	
Average	126.8	134.4	136.1	
% Change (Jan.-June)	+ 3.3	+ 5.8	+ 1.3	(- 0.4)

¹ Covers only firms with 20 or more employees.
Source: Statistics Canada 72-002.

Table 8 - UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE BENEFITS PAYMENTS
(thousand dollars)

Month	1973	1974	1975	1976
January	11,273	12,167	15,800	17,178
February	9,635	10,782	14,214	17,715
March	9,754	11,035	14,905	22,365
April	10,289	12,810	18,361	17,907
May	8,656	10,252	14,353	17,019
June	5,843	7,095	10,850	13,351
July	6,121	7,132	11,209	
August	5,054	5,753	8,742	
September	4,550	5,684	9,432	
October	5,735	5,930	8,180	
November	5,293	6,944	10,052	
December	6,844	9,333	15,761	
Total	89,047	104,917	151,859	
% Change (Jan.-June)	+ 25.9	+ 17.8	+ 44.7	(+ 19.3)

Source: Statistics Canada 73-001.

Table 9 - LABOUR FORCE, EMPLOYMENT AND UNEMPLOYMENT¹
(thousands)

Month	Labour Force		Employment		Unemployment		Unemployment Rate		
	1974	1975	1974	1975	1974	1975	1974	1975	1976
January	225	230	208	206	17	23	7.6	10.2	12.2
February	229	231	211	207	18	25	7.9	10.7	12.6
March	225	233	207	208	18	25	8.0	10.9	12.6
April	231	236	209	209	22	27	9.5	11.4	13.2
May	247	260	224	232	23	29	9.3	11.0	12.2
June	250	268	234	244	26	25	6.4	9.2	10.4
July	264	273	246	247	18	27	6.8	9.7	10.0
August	264	277	251	255	13	22	4.9	7.9	9.3
September	254	264	236	243	18	22	7.1	8.3	9.4
October	250	264	234	240	16	24	6.4	8.9	
November	250	255	231	229	19	16	7.6	10.4	
December	242	252	216	226	26	27	10.7	10.5	
Average	244	254	226	229	19	25	7.8	9.9	
% Change (Jan.-Sept.)	+ 3.8	+ 4.1	+ 4.1	+ 1.3	+ 5.6	+ 31.6			(+ 18.2)
					(+ 1.7)				

¹ A Revised Labour Force Survey was introduced in January, 1976. The data for 1975 are actual estimates derived from the revised survey which was carried out in parallel with the former survey throughout 1975. Prior to 1975, data from the former survey have been revised on the basis of the observed relationships between the two surveys during 1975.

Source: Statistics Canada 71-001.

(III) PRIMARY INDUSTRY

Table 10 - FARM CASH RECEIPTS FROM FARMING OPERATIONS
(thousand dollars)

Quarter	1973	1974	1975	1976
1st Quarter	24,170	31,690	19,240	30,670
2nd Quarter	26,820	28,850	21,150	28,920
3rd Quarter	18,960	18,790	23,220	
4th Quarter	25,550	23,740	32,690	
Total	95,537	103,089	96,321	
% Change (1Q-2Q)	+ 47.1	+ 7.9	- 6.6	(+ 47.5)

Sources: Statistics Canada 21-001 & 21-201.

Table 11 - SOURCES OF FARM CASH RECEIPTS
(thousand dollars)
(Jan.-July)

	1975	1976
Oats	184	196
Potatoes	14,364	28,491
Fruits	522	609
Vegetables	670	1,316
Other Crops	1,340	1,876
Total Crops	17,080	32,488
Cattle and Calves	4,501	4,490
Hogs	3,563	4,903
Sheep and Lambs	28	94
Dairy Products	10,741	12,236
Poultry	4,798	6,274
Eggs	3,834	3,904
Other Livestock and Products	396	500
Total Livestock and Products	27,861	32,401
Forest and Maple Products	1,458	1,134
Other Payments	703	768
Deficiency Payments	1,351	23
Total Cash Receipts	48,453	66,814

Source: Statistics Canada 21-001.

Table 12 - PULPWOOD PRODUCTION - DOMESTIC USE
(thousand cunits)

Month	1973	1974	1975	1976
January	139.9	222.0	185.7	80.6
February	235.0	241.1	147.6	63.3
March	138.6	169.9	99.8	125.2
April	95.7	64.5	60.0	73.4
May	175.9	129.5	59.5	80.4
June	272.2	281.3	187.1	208.6
July	241.8	304.4	319.9	245.9
August	249.4	287.5	222.3	
September	236.6	283.2	251.1	
October	335.6	257.2	225.5	
November	289.5	195.8	157.6	
December	189.6	102.5	97.2	
Total	2,599.8	2,539.0	2,013.3	
% Change (Jan.-July)	+ 42.8	- 2.3	- 20.7	(- 17.2)

Source: Statistics Canada 25-001.

Table 13 - COAL PRODUCTION
(thousand tons)

Month	1973	1974	1975	1976
January	34.8	29.5	34.3	48.9
February	28.2	21.8	40.8	40.9
March	31.5	29.5	35.0	31.1
April	33.3	35.3	49.8	41.3
May	43.8	39.3	41.6	53.2
June	36.6	28.6	38.9	46.6
July	37.7	38.5	34.2	37.9
August	41.5	35.1	40.3	37.1
September	34.1	27.8	45.6	
October	22.7	35.1	38.6	
November	24.2	51.5	26.9	
December	25.8	42.9	40.0	
Total	394.2	415.0	465.8	
% Change (Jan.-Aug.)	- 8.2	+ 5.3	+ 12.2	(+ 7.0)

Source: Department of Natural Resources, Mines Branch.

Table 14 - VOLUME OF SEAFISH LANDINGS
(thousand pounds)

Month	1973	1974	1975	1976
January	3,829	8,215	MONTHLY REVISIONS	NOT AVAILABLE
February	1,639	2,637		
March	5,938	1,435		
April	5,828	7,718		
May	30,343	21,261		
June	45,331	35,989		
July	50,035	58,180		
August	68,720	42,524		
September	38,725	32,764		
October	22,330	21,695		
November	9,525	13,102		
December	4,184	4,967		
Total	286,427	250,487	278,000	
% Change (Jan.-Aug.)	- 19.9	- 13.5	+ 11.0	(- 16.0)

Sources: Statistics Canada 24-002 & Environment Canada,
Fisheries & Marine, Halifax, N. S.

Table 15 - VALUE OF SEAFISH LANDINGS
(thousand dollars)

Month	1973	1974	1975	1976
January	235	938	MONTHLY REVISIONS	NOT AVAILABLE
February	272	193		
March	242	125		
April	530	913		
May	2,907	2,420		
June	3,931	3,840		
July	2,456	3,295		
August	4,284	3,308		
September	3,123	2,340		
October	1,497	1,908		
November	1,579	1,282		
December	1,038	978		
Total	22,094	21,540	25,525	
% Change (Jan.-Aug.)	+ 11.0	- 2.5	+ 18.5	(+ 4.3)

Sources: Statistics Canada 24-002 & Environment Canada,
Fisheries & Marine, Halifax, N. S.

Table 16 - VOLUME OF FISH LANDINGS BY SPECIES
(metric tons)
(Jan.-Aug.)

Species	1975	1976
Groundfish, Total	<u>5,577</u>	<u>6,414</u>
Cod	2,153	2,128
Redfish	774	1,244
Plaice	2,069	1,699
Other	581	1,343
Pelagic & Estuarial, Total	<u>46,705</u>	<u>34,461</u>
Herring	36,943	23,583
Tuna	5,533	5,258
Other	4,229	5,620
Molluscs & Crustaceans, Total	<u>3,977</u>	<u>6,452</u>
Lobster	1,430	1,339
Crabs	1,580	2,981
Shrimp	116	405
Other	851	1,727
All Other	<u>1,122</u>	<u>890</u>
Total Fish Landings	57,381	48,217

Source: Environment Canada, Fisheries & Marine, Halifax, N. S.

Table 17 - VALUE OF FISH LANDINGS BY SPECIES
(thousand dollars)
(Jan.-Aug.)

Species	1975	1976
Groundfish, Total	<u>1,066</u>	<u>1,240</u>
Cod	545	499
Redfish	88	219
Plaice	330	288
Other	103	234
Pelagic & Estuarial, Total	<u>6,754</u>	<u>5,672</u>
Herring	2,050	1,802
Tuna	4,133	3,139
Other	571	731
Molluscs & Crustaceans, Total	<u>4,541</u>	<u>5,954</u>
Lobster	3,475	3,373
Crabs	605	1,448
Shrimp	49	236
Other	412	897
All Other	<u>157</u>	<u>186</u>
Total Fish Landings	12,518	13,052

Source: Environment Canada, Fisheries & Marine, Halifax, N. S.

(IV) MANUFACTURING

Table 18 - GROSS VALUE OF MANUFACTURING SHIPMENTS
(million dollars)

Month	1973	1974	1975	1976
January	83.6	107.6	127.4	143.4
February	79.1	106.2	123.1	137.5
March	88.1	111.7	134.0	158.6
April	83.2	123.4	131.0	154.2
May	98.9	136.3	146.2	158.6
June	104.7	135.8	140.4	164.5
July	96.3	136.8	131.9	151.6
August	102.6	145.7	139.6	
September	104.2	144.6	138.7	
October	107.6	147.0	143.3	
November	107.5	147.4	145.9	
December	119.7	141.1	145.2	
Total	1,175.5	1,583.8	1,647.0	
% Change (Jan.-July)	+ 21.8	+ 34.7	+ 4.0	(+ 14.4)

Source: Statistics Canada 31-001.

Table 19 - PULP AND PAPER PRODUCTION INDEX
(1953 = 100)

Quarter	1973	1974	1975	1976
Jan.-Mar.	286.8	289.4	256.3	216.7
Apr.-June	300.5	303.2	258.5	289.1
July-Sept.	239.7	283.2	246.8	
Oct.-Dec.	279.2	291.5	203.2	
Average	276.5	291.8	241.2	
% Change (Jan.-June)	+ 5.0	+ 5.5	- 17.3	(- 1.7)

Source: Based on data from the Canadian Pulp and Paper Association.

Table 20 - SAWN LUMBER PRODUCTION
(million feet board measure)

Month	1973	1974	1975	1976
January	23.9	23.6	14.4	17.2
February	23.7	24.5	16.5	22.0
March	28.0	25.9	18.0	26.2
April	25.2	25.6	19.3	26.9
May	23.6	29.3	23.6	27.4
June	28.5	27.3	21.3	26.7
July	27.6	26.0	22.0	
August	30.9	25.2	23.7	
September	34.2	26.8	23.4	
October	34.6	30.4	29.4	
November	29.9	26.8	22.4	
December	26.5	19.4	22.3	
Total	336.4	310.8	256.3	
% Change (Jan.-June)	+ 7.0	- 7.6	- 17.5	(+ 29.4)

Source: Statistics Canada 35-002.

(V) UTILITIES

Table 21 - NET ELECTRIC ENERGY USED
(million kilowatt hours)

Month	1973	1974	1975	1976
January	503	583	638	668
February	482	525	588	611
March	504	538	642	674
April	472	519	548	611
May	468	509	535	586
June	458	458	491	557
July	456	470	481	541
August	439	496	483	
September	479	491	495	
October	475	558	552	
November	533	560	542	
December	553	613	644	
Total	5,822	6,320	6,637	
% Change (Jan.-July)	+ 9.5	+ 8.6	+ 5.0	(+ 8.3)

Source: Statistics Canada 57-001.

Table 22 - NET ELECTRICITY PROVIDED BY NBEPC FOR CONSUMPTION
(million kilowatt hours)

Month	1973	1974	1975	1976
January	463	507	553	560
February	416	465	506	547
March	434	488	523	570
April	414	441	470	520
May	412	427	450	486
June	391	395	427	458
July	378	400	419	440
August	362	418	435	478
September	313	433	422	
October	399	478	476	
November	451	477	463	
December	471	530	564	
Total	4,904	5,459	5,708	
% Change (Jan.-Aug.)	+ 6.3	+ 11.3	+ 4.6	(+ 7.3)

Source: The New Brunswick Electric Power Commission.

Table 23 - LONG DISTANCE CALLS ORIGINATING IN NEW BRUNSWICK
(thousands)

Month	1973	1974	1975	1976
January	1,216	1,508	1,793	2,019
February	1,129	1,401	1,687	1,994
March	1,272	1,583	1,883	2,166
April	1,259	1,642	1,997	2,104
May	1,424	1,768	2,050	2,162
June	1,408	1,706	2,075	2,293
July	1,491	1,860	2,220	2,227
August	1,612	1,897	2,135	2,303
September	1,415	1,738	2,128	
October	1,542	1,890	2,223	
November	1,504	1,769	2,117	
December	1,429	1,756	2,186	
Total	16,701	20,518	24,495	
% Change (Jan.-Aug.)	+ 18.4	+ 22.9	+ 19.4	(+ 9.0)

Source: The New Brunswick Telephone Company Limited.

Table 24 - TELEPHONES IN SERVICE
(thousands)

Month	1973	1974	1975	1976
January	260	282	303	322
February	261	284	305	322
March	263	289	306	323
April	263	286	308	323
May	265	289	309	324
June	266	290	311	324
July	267	292	312	325
August	269	294	313	326
September	272	296	315	
October	274	296	317	
November	276	298	319	
December	279	300	321	
Average	268	291	312	
% Change (Aug./Aug.)	+ 6.8	+ 8.6	+ 7.2	(+ 4.2)

Source: The New Brunswick Telephone Company Limited.

(VI) CONSTRUCTIONTable 25 - HOUSING STARTS AND HOUSES UNDER CONSTRUCTION
(all areas)
(number)

Quarter	1973	1974	1975	1976
<u>(A) Starts</u>				
1st Quarter	523	305	284	466
2nd Quarter	2,211	1,686	2,415	3,113
3rd Quarter	2,794	2,726	2,477	
4th Quarter	1,707	1,144	1,807	
Total	7,235	5,861	6,983	
% Change (Jan.-June)	+ 13.8	- 19.0	+ 19.1	(+ 32.6)
<u>(B) Under Construction</u>				
March 31	3,846	3,402	2,798	3,504
June 30	4,666	3,790	3,990	4,776
September 30	5,123	4,414	4,842	
December 31	4,534	3,550	4,463	
% Change (June/June)	(+ 45.1)	(- 18.8)	(+ 5.3)	(+ 19.7)

Source: Statistics Canada 64-002.

Table 26 - BUILDING PERMITS ISSUED¹
(thousand dollars)

Month	1973	1974	1975	1976
January	2,406	2,867	11,592	8,816
February	4,429	7,057	15,449	10,157
March	7,444	7,328	5,516	11,111
April	29,995	22,238	14,071	40,218
May	18,899	16,369	26,995	29,662
June	12,933	12,379	20,466	25,074
July	13,111	26,184	31,410	18,671
August	14,663	14,778	23,197	
September	6,889	18,013	21,851	
October	19,185	23,402	24,259	
November	4,343	6,927	17,986	
December	10,963	10,088	19,005	
Total	145,260	167,630	231,797	
% Change (Jan.-July)	+ 11.9	+ 15.4	+ 38.3	(+ 14.5)

¹ Does not cover engineering projects (roads, bridges, dams, etc.) nor non-urban construction.

Source: Statistics Canada 64-001.

(VII) TRADE AND FINANCETable 27 - VALUE OF RETAIL TRADE
(thousand dollars)

Month	1973	1974	1975	1976
January	59,699	70,371	84,397	96,261
February	57,721	70,472	84,222	94,238
March	74,358	87,723	94,835	111,607
April	76,424	93,062	103,993	130,205
May	86,717	104,235	119,825	130,749
June	92,241	101,622	115,314	137,238
July	84,573	98,513	119,551	135,291
August	83,513	103,431	117,066	
September	79,744	92,750	110,784	
October	88,551	102,027	121,448	
November	91,532	102,142	120,568	
December	101,748	114,946	146,337	
Total	976,821	1,141,394	1,338,340	
% Change (Jan.-July)	+ 9.5	+ 16.8	+ 17.2	(+ 15.7)

Source: Statistics Canada 63-005.

Table 28 - CONSUMER PRICE INDEX (SAINT JOHN)
(1971 = 100)

Month	1973	1974	1975	1976
January	107.5	117.7	131.2	144.2
February	108.0	118.8	132.3	144.6
March	108.2	119.2	133.5	145.5
April	110.3	120.4	134.0	146.2
May	110.9	122.0	135.5	147.2
June	111.5	123.6	137.0	147.8
July	112.2	124.4	139.3	148.5
August	114.0	125.6	142.3	149.0
September	115.3	126.7	141.9	
October	115.3	127.7	142.4	
November	116.0	128.8	143.4	
December	117.0	130.1	143.9	
Average Index	112.2	123.8	138.1	
% Change (Aug./Aug.)	+ 7.4	+ 10.3	+ 11.6	(+ 4.7)

Source: Statistics Canada 62-002.

Table 29 - VALUE OF NEW MOTOR VEHICLE SALES
(thousand dollars)

Month	1973	1974	1975	1976
<u>All Vehicles</u>				
January	8,240	10,283	8,659	9,982
February	8,505	11,876	11,077	13,835
March	15,675	15,262	15,111	19,186
April	13,660	16,810	18,816	22,354
May	15,965	19,860	19,528	21,206
June	14,909	16,279	21,427	22,123
July	10,662	14,204	16,876	17,753
August	10,410	13,553	14,362	
September	9,542	9,526	12,444	
October	13,059	12,649	17,586	
November	11,357	10,577	15,026	
December	9,349	9,180	14,208	
Total	141,333	160,059	185,120	
% Change (Jan.-July)	+ 20.5	+ 13.2	+ 15.7	(+ 13.4)

Source: Statistics Canada 63-007.

Table 30- NUMBER OF NEW MOTOR VEHICLE SALES

Month	1973	1974	1975	1976
<u>All Vehicles</u>				
January	2,087	2,332	1,762	1,721
February	2,078	2,611	2,229	2,370
March	3,840	3,422	2,933	3,435
April	3,345	3,822	3,688	3,963
May	3,813	4,344	3,829	3,727
June	3,624	3,575	3,890	3,807
July	2,616	3,134	3,203	3,066
August	2,412	2,908	2,689	
September	2,271	2,101	2,297	
October	2,990	2,727	3,211	
November	2,727	2,220	2,726	
December	2,109	1,877	2,562	
Total	33,912	35,073	35,019	
% Change (Jan.-July)	+ 12.7	+ 3.4	- 0.2	(+ 2.6)

- CONTINUED -

Table 30 - (CONTINUED)

Month	1973	1974	1975	1976
<u>Passenger Vehicles</u>				
January	1,631	1,703	1,235	1,188
February	1,609	1,889	1,680	1,758
March	3,038	2,551	2,098	2,592
April	2,648	2,881	2,749	2,967
May	3,048	3,266	2,912	2,841
June	2,932	2,728	2,868	2,749
July	2,105	2,372	2,374	2,234
August	1,893	2,126	1,958	
September	1,782	1,569	1,656	
October	2,299	2,033	2,370	
November	2,097	1,629	1,958	
December	1,570	1,361	1,888	
Total	26,652	26,108	25,746	
% Change (Jan.-July)	+ 10.2	- 2.0	- 1.4	(+ 2.6)
<u>Commercial Vehicles</u>				
January	456	629	527	533
February	469	722	549	612
March	802	871	835	843
April	697	941	939	996
May	765	1,078	917	886
June	692	847	1,022	1,058
July	511	762	829	832
August	519	782	731	
September	489	532	641	
October	691	694	841	
November	630	591	768	
December	539	516	674	
Total	7,260	8,965	9,273	
% Change (Jan.-July)	+ 22.9	+ 23.5	+ 3.4	(+ 2.5)

Source: Statistics Canada 63-007.

Table 31 - LIFE INSURANCE SALES
(million dollars)

Month	1973	1974	1975	1976
January	15.3	19.5	23.8	30.4
February	16.0	24.6	26.3	36.0
March	20.3	27.8	25.9	39.9
April	17.9	24.8	33.2	33.4
May	22.4	33.6	31.6	
June	21.0	31.6	37.6	
July	20.1	28.2	36.5	
August	23.9	27.1	29.3	
September	22.1	26.8	37.6	
October	26.9	35.1	41.3	
November	29.0	31.1	37.6	
December	23.7	32.1	44.3	
Total	258.6	342.3	405.0	
% Change (Jan.-Apr.)	+ 17.0	+ 32.4	+ 18.3	(+ 27.9)

Source: Statistics Canada 11-003.

Table 32 - CHEQUES CASHED IN CLEARING HOUSES
(million dollars)

Month	1973	1974	1975	1976
January	728.1	963.0	1,293.0	1,508.0
February	585.1	740.9	1,113.1	1,487.2
March	737.4	964.1	1,257.4	1,616.0
April	757.4	993.7	1,226.0	1,569.0
May	811.0	1,120.1	1,468.4	1,682.1
June	804.8	919.3	1,563.6	1,638.9
July	836.3	1,066.9	1,388.1	1,318.6
August	815.8	1,110.3	1,205.5	
September	787.0	964.3	1,499.9	
October	847.4	1,192.9	1,587.3	
November	905.0	1,105.5	1,535.5	
December	886.6	1,029.1	1,568.6	
Total	9,501.9	12,170.0	16,706.0	
% Change (Jan.-July)	+ 23.6	+ 28.0	+ 37.3	(+ 16.2)

Source: Statistics Canada 61-001.

(VIII) TRANSPORTATIONTable 33 - TOTAL PORT TRAFFIC - SAINT JOHN HARBOUR
(thousand cargo tons)

Month	1973	1974	1975	1976
January	643.8	554.5	432.4	548.1
February	480.9	338.2	512.2	451.1
March	664.4	531.8	502.8	507.7
April	462.0	544.8	480.8	577.2
May	537.2	541.8	583.6	437.1
June	500.2	504.9	395.0	451.0
July	457.2	545.4	383.4	456.6
August	449.1	491.0	440.4	
September	473.2	459.6	464.9	
October	453.9	539.2	482.8	
November	485.7	380.3	393.6	
December	522.5	545.0	322.3	
Total	6,130.1	5,976.5	5,394.2	
% Change (Jan.-July)	+ 2.4	- 2.5	- 9.7	(+ 4.2)

Source: National Harbours Board, Port of Saint John.

Table 34 - PORT TRAFFIC - SAINT JOHN HARBOUR
(thousand cargo tons)

Month	Incoming Traffic			Outgoing Traffic		
	1975	1976	% Change	1975	1976	% Change
January	123.6	154.0	+24.6	308.8	394.1	+27.6
February	75.9	112.6	+48.4	436.3	338.4	-22.4
March	109.7	125.7	+14.6	393.2	382.0	- 2.8
April	80.3	93.5	+16.4	400.5	483.7	+20.8
May	142.5	102.0	-28.4	441.1	335.1	-24.0
June	86.1	97.4	+13.1	308.9	353.6	+14.5
July	62.5	115.0	+84.0	320.9	341.6	+ 6.5
August	119.9			320.6		
September	78.0			387.0		
October	139.8			343.0		
November	84.7			308.9		
December	111.9			210.4		
Total	1,214.9			4,179.6		
% Change (Jan.-July)	-17.3	(+ 17.6)		- 7.3	(+ 0.7)	

Source: National Harbours Board, Port of Saint John.

(IX) SEASONALLY ADJUSTED ECONOMIC INDICATORS

Table 35 - EMPLOYMENT INDEX
(1961 = 100)

Month	1973	1974	1975	1976
January	122.6	133.0	136.1	135.7
February	122.3	134.8	135.2	135.0
March	125.6	134.8	134.9	134.7
April	127.7	132.4	136.7	136.9
May	128.5	132.3	138.0	137.6
June	128.8	133.5	135.9	133.8
July	127.3	134.2	136.7	
August	118.8	134.6	138.6	
September	127.6	134.4	141.1	
October	130.7	135.5	134.1	
November	131.4	136.0	131.8	
December	130.1	137.2	133.8	

Source: Statistics Canada 72-002.

Table 36 - TOTAL WAGES AND SALARIES
(million dollars)

Month	1973	1974	1975	1976
January	96.1	114.0	140.4	159.0
February	97.7	115.2	140.6	162.1
March	99.0	118.6	144.5	164.6
April	102.3	119.7	146.8	167.8
May	102.6	122.4	156.9	166.5
June	104.6	125.0	149.6	164.2
July	106.1	129.1	152.8	
August	105.9	128.8	155.1	
September	107.6	130.3	157.6	
October	109.1	132.7	158.3	
November	111.9	133.1	157.9	
December	113.3	137.7	158.4	

Source: Statistics Canada 72-005.

Table 37 - VALUE OF RETAIL TRADE
(million dollars)

Month	1973	1974	1975	1976
January	77.0	91.0	106.5	120.0
February	77.4	94.4	109.5	123.8
March	76.6	93.6	98.3	117.9
April	77.9	92.8	103.5	128.6
May	78.9	93.8	106.8	121.0
June	80.8	92.1	105.4	125.2
July	82.1	93.6	111.3	125.2
August	81.2	99.4	113.0	
September	83.0	96.2	111.3	
October	84.7	97.9	115.2	
November	85.4	95.3	117.0	
December	88.1	100.9	124.9	

Sources: Statistics Canada 11-003 & 63-005.

Table 38 - LABOUR FORCE
(thousands)

Month	1973	1974	1975	1976
January	226	242	246	264
February	225	243	246	260
March	230	242	250	261
April	235	242	247	260
May	239	241	254	256
June	238	239	258	262
July	235	244	254	260
August	238	241	255	261
September	238	246	256	263
October	240	245	260	
November	236	255	260	
December	237	249	261	

Source: Statistics Canada 71-001.

Table 39 - LABOUR FORCE EMPLOYED
(thousands)

Month	1973	1974	1975	1976
January	207	225	223	234
February	204	226	222	231
March	212	225	226	231
April	217	223	223	231
May	220	221	229	228
June	219	222	232	232
July	217	226	227	232
August	221	226	229	230
September	223	226	232	233
October	220	226	232	
November	218	235	233	
December	220	226	237	

Source: Statistics Canada 71-001.

Table 40 - LABOUR FORCE UNEMPLOYED
(thousands)

Month	1973	1974	1975	1976
January	19	17	23	30
February	21	17	24	29
March	18	17	24	30
April	18	19	24	29
May	19	20	25	28
June	19	17	26	30
July	18	18	27	28
August	17	15	26	31
September	15	20	24	30
October	20	19	28	
November	18	20	27	
December	17	23	24	

Source: Statistics Canada 71-001.

Table 41 - LABOUR FORCE UNEMPLOYMENT RATE
(per cent)

Month	1973	1974	1975	1976
January	8.4	7.0	9.3	11.0
February	9.3	7.0	9.8	11.2
March	7.8	7.0	9.6	11.5
April	7.7	7.9	9.7	11.2
May	7.9	8.3	9.8	10.9
June	8.0	7.1	10.1	11.5
July	7.7	7.4	10.6	10.8
August	7.1	6.3	10.2	11.9
September	6.3	8.1	9.4	11.4
October	8.3	7.8	10.8	
November	7.6	7.8	10.4	
December	7.2	9.2	9.2	

Source: Statistics Canada 71-001.

Table 42 - LABOUR FORCE PARTICIPATION RATE
(per cent)

Month	1973	1974	1975	1976
January	51.4	53.5	52.8	55.0
February	51.0	53.6	52.7	54.1
March	52.0	53.3	53.4	54.1
April	53.0	53.2	52.7	53.8
May	53.8	52.9	54.0	52.9
June	53.5	52.3	54.8	53.9
July	52.7	53.2	53.8	53.4
August	53.2	52.4	53.8	53.5
September	53.1	53.4	53.9	53.8
October	53.5	53.0	54.6	
November	52.4	55.1	54.5	
December	52.5	53.7	54.6	

Source: Statistics Canada 71-001.

APPENDIX

NOTE ON DIFFERENCE BETWEEN GDP AND GPP

For some years, most provinces have been using GPP as the basis for measuring total provincial output. Recently, several agencies, including OEA, have begun to use GDP instead of GPP because of the ease of calculation and its more meaningful nature in the provincial context. In this report, GPP estimates are used in the analysis, but a GDP estimate for 1976 is included in the summary outlook.

GPP or GNP includes production in other countries (or provinces) resulting from factors of production owned by residents of this country (or province) and excludes production in this country (or province) resulting from factors of production owned by residents of other countries (or provinces). The GDP (Gross Domestic Product) concept, on the other hand, includes all production within the boundaries of the country (or province), irrespective of the residence of the owners of the factors of production.

The other major difference is that GDP in the summary outlook is valued at factor cost, while the GPP data is at market prices. The difference is that factor cost estimates do not add in indirect taxes less subsidies. The following details the reconciliation of GDP (factor cost) with GPP (market prices).

	<u>GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT AT FACTOR COST:</u>	(Summary Outlook GDP)
ADD:	Indirect Taxes Less Subsidies	
EQUALS	<u>GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT AT MARKET PRICES</u>	
ADD:	Payments Received From Non-Residents	
DEDUCT:	Payments Paid Out to Non-Residents	
EQUALS	<u>GROSS PROVINCIAL PRODUCT AT MARKET PRICES</u>	(GPP In Summary Outlook and Analysis)

